

Using the data:

A Residential Care Provider's experience during the COVID-19 Pandemic



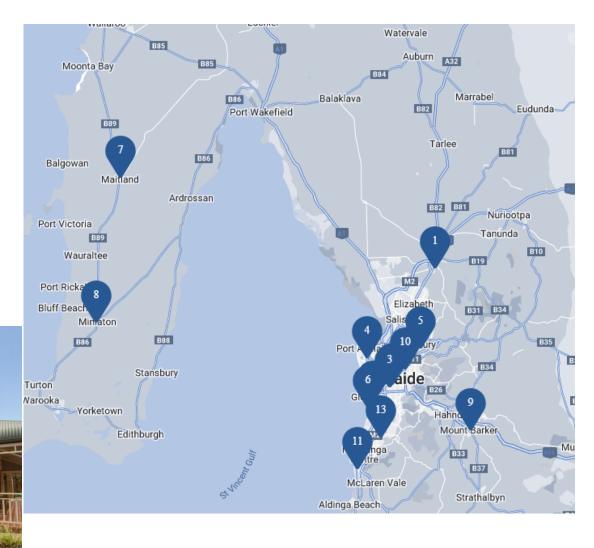




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Eldercare

Key Events for Eldercare

2020

- March State Emergency Management Directions (Residential Aged Care)
- Routine mask wearing
- Visiting restrictions

2021

- April Vaccine became available
- June/July Commenced systematic detailed data collection
- 23 November SA Opens borders
- 26 December First Outbreak (Eldercare Oxford)
- January Commenced routine RAT screening of staff
- June Commenced routine RAT screening of visitors
- June Appointed dedicated COVID Coordinator
- June Antivirals became available
- June Resume normal visiting arrangements
- October Ceased routine mask wearing
- November End of State Emergency Management Directions (No49)

2022



First Outbreak – Eldercare Oxford 26/12/21





COVID-19 Data Compliance Requirements

SA Health

- Reportable data
 - Positive cases, Outbreaks & Deaths
 - RAT/PCR results
- 49 Versions of Emergency Management Directions (Residential Aged Care)
 - Mask wearing
 - Visitor access/restriction
 - QR check in
 - Vaccination (Flu and COVID-19)
 - Staff Training

Commonwealth

- Reportable data
 - Positive cases
 - Deaths
 - COVID-19 Vaccination
 - Staff & Residents
 - IPC Leads



Actions Taken

- Developed data collection and reporting tools (Excel & Power BI)
- Developed processes to report to Commonwealth & State:
 - positive COVID cases
 - vaccination
- Developed processes to capture data for internal use
 - antiviral use or refusal
 - Staff cases and contact tracing
- Commenced regular reporting of data internally to all key stakeholders
- Provided regular reports to the organisation's Incident Management Group



Data Elements

Residents

Commonwealth/State (Dec 2021):

- Who was tested?
- Date of test/Date Test result received
- Reason for test/ Test Result
- If isolation was required after a negative test result

Eldercare (April 2022):

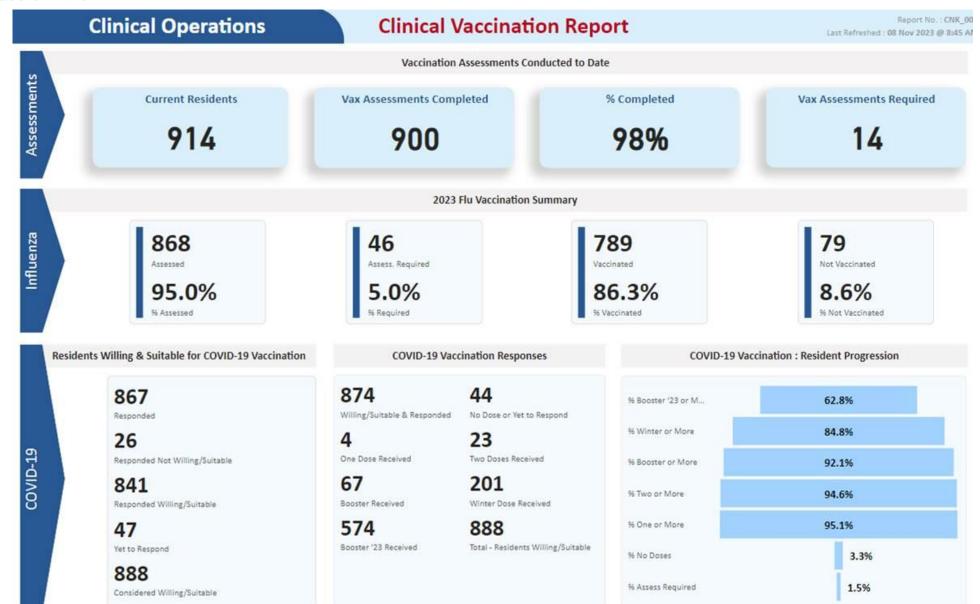
- Outbreaks/single cases
- Date/Area/Room
- Resident details/DOB/Vaccination Status
- Anti-Virals commenced date
- COVID Symptoms

Staff (Jan 2022)

- Employee Number/Name/DOB/Role/Mobile number
- Reported Date
- Site
- First Positive Test Type/Date
- Isolation and Leave Period
- Day 13 test date
- Ready to RTW date
- Exposure Location/ Date if known
- Last Shift
- Symptoms History
- Current Health Condition(s)

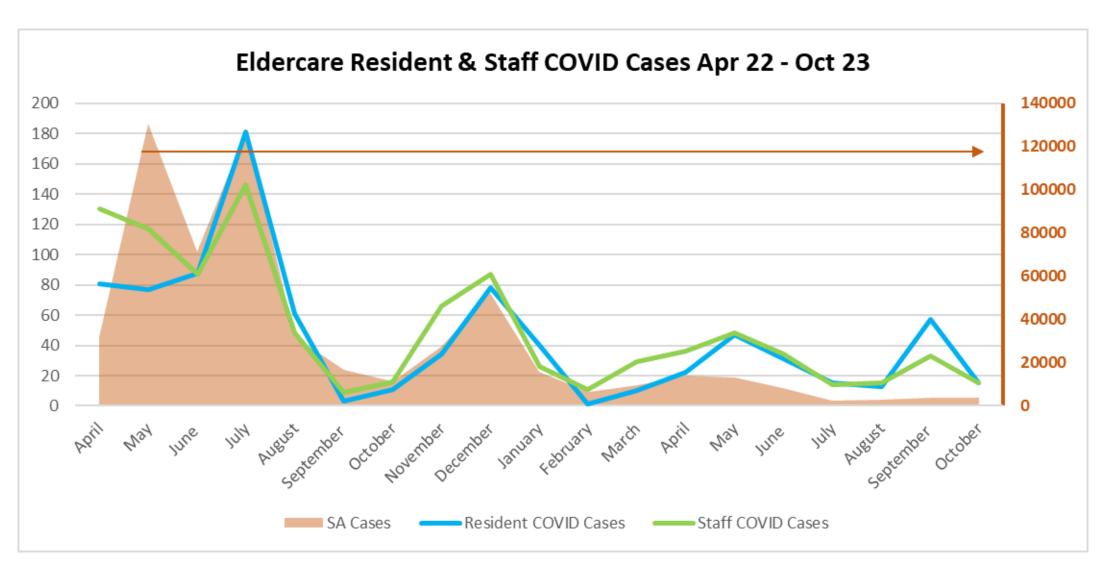


Resident Vaccinations



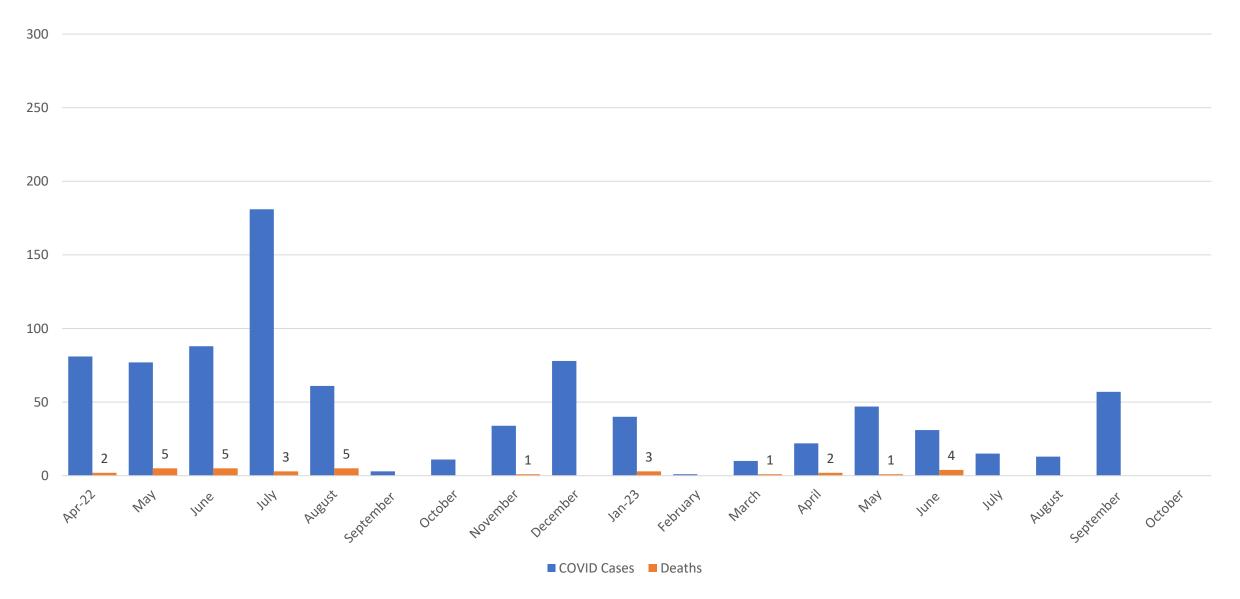


Eldercare COVID-19 Cases Eldercare vs State: Apr 22-Oct 23



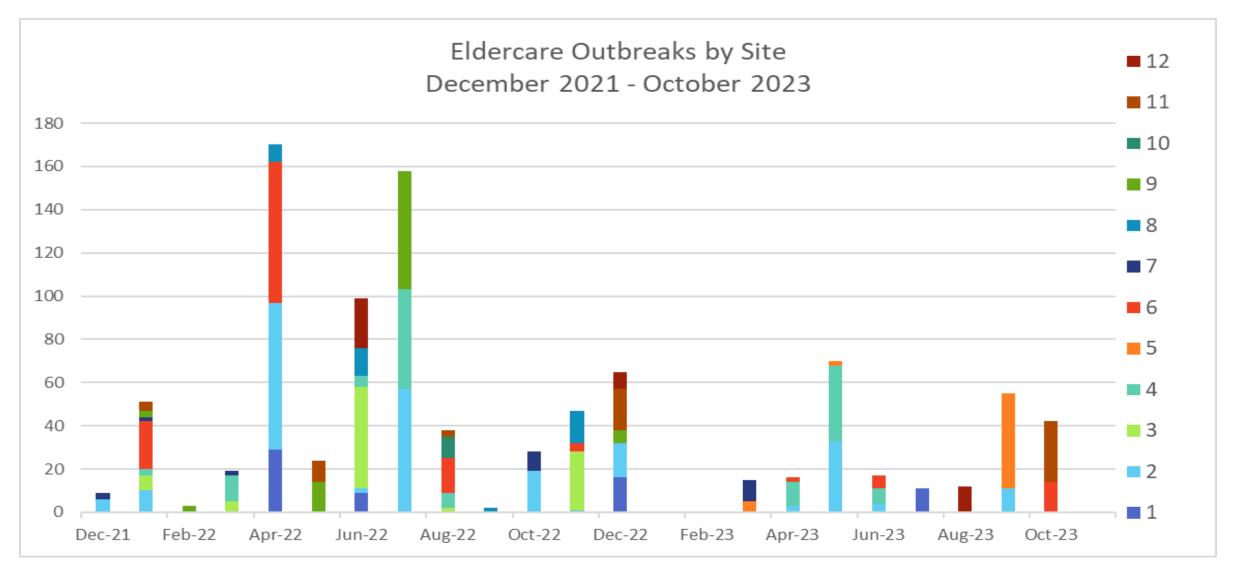


COVID-19 and Deaths: Apr 22 – Sep 23





COVID Resident Outbreaks by Site: Dec 21 – Oct 23





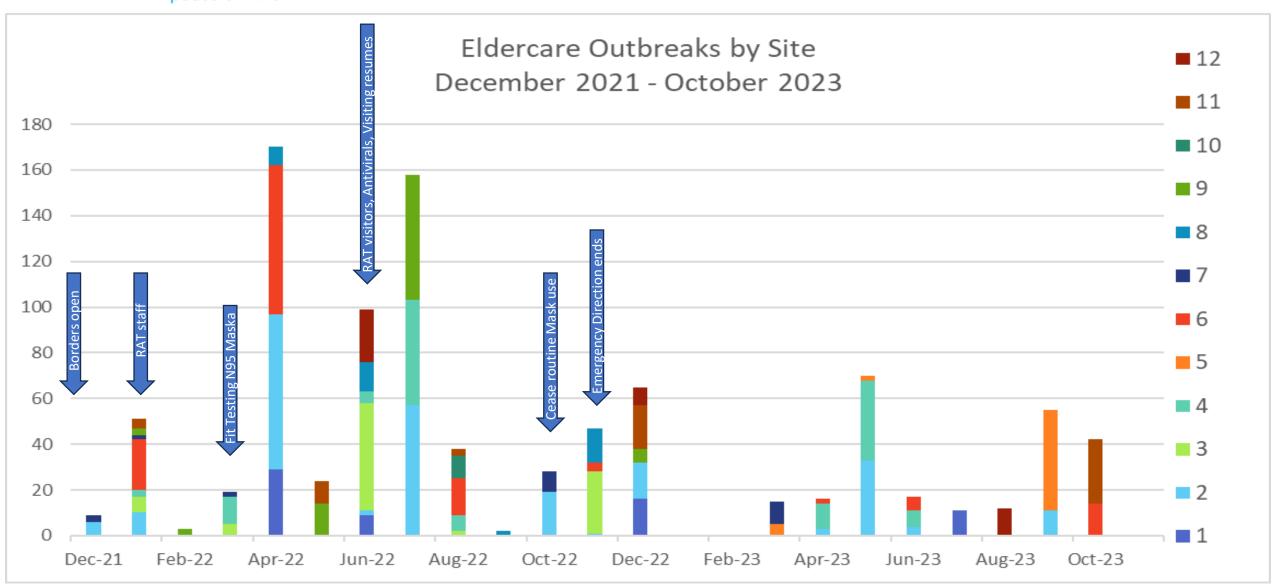
Resident Outcomes

Promoted optimal resident outcomes by:

- Analysis of rising trends, outbreaks, and impacts of interventions.
- Comparing information across multiple sites
- Benchmarking against state and nation-wide data
- Guiding resident/family and staff communications
- Providing support for key decisions and changes in outbreak prevention and response management strategies



COVID Resident Outbreaks by Site: Dec 21 – Oct 23





Key Interventions



COVID-19 OUTBREAK RESPONSE PLAN

Site Name: May 17 2023

A residential aged care facility COVID-19 outbreak is defined as:

Two or more residents of a residential aged care facility who have been diagnosed with COVID-19 via RAT or PCR test within 72 hours and have been onsite at the residential aged care facility at any time during their infectious period.

Rapid response: 2 hours - 4 hours

Site Staff as delegated by the Site Operations Manager (SOM) or RN in Charge

- 1. Inform residents(s) of their diagnosis (and Resident's representative). Discuss their consent to use antivirals and the recommendation to isolate for 8 days.
- 2. Isolate COVID positive case(s). Set up PPE station (s) and immediate signage.
- 3. Notify the Site Operations Manager (SOM) or their delegate and the IPC Lead. If SOM N/A notify Residential General Manager (Jarrod Mudie: 0477 002 613); Rosters: 82911001; Covid Coordinator: 0413060897
- 4. Notify all staff including Lifestyle staff
- 5. Identify and notify all close contacts including other residents, staff, and visitors. Discuss the recommendation to isolate as per the CDNA guidelines.
- Commence Rapid Antigen Testing (RAT) of all close contacts or if visitors identified as close contacts advise them to get tested.
- 7. Continue to monitor all residents for COVID-19 symptoms
- 8. Book PCR testing of high-risk areas / close contacts. Re-book for a further round in 2 days' time and Day 5. Contact GP to authorize Pathology Requests
- 9. Determine where RED Zones (Positive cases) and ORANGE Zones (Contacts of positive cases) need to be set up.
- 10. Set up PPE Stations outside all RED and ORANGE zones and erect signage at all stations, including donning and doffing zone signs.
- 11. Request all residents in the RED and ORANGE Zones to isolate in their rooms. Essential visitors will continue to be able to visit these residents.
- 12. Arrange one entry only to the area with positive cases.
- 13. Place COVID-19 Outbreak sign at entrance of facility.
- 14. Begin documenting the outbreak on the Resident COVID Positives & Isolation Dates spreadsheet located in the COVID folder on the O Drive and notify COVID Coordinator
- 15. Notify residents GP or Locum; GP to assess for suitability for Antivirals. Check progress notes for resident/representative consent. Access antivirals from imprest stock.
- SOM to provide communications to staff and families. This is to continue as the outbreak progresses / changes and frequency is at the discretion of the SOM.
- 17. Visiting to continue except for RED / ORANGE zones (unless prior consent obtained if visitor is considered essential or for compassionate reasons). Refer to industry Code for Visiting in Aged Care Homes (COTA)
- 18. Notify CHEF manager /SHA to organise
 - tray service for RED / ORANGE zones. If it is possible COVID positive residents can be cohorted to dine together. If not a Close Contact, all others can dine together.



Conclusion

- Real-time data to track the progress of the transmission of COVID-19 throughout multiple sites.
- The impact of community and local changes were reflected in the data.
- The impact on residents and staff during the occurrence of each "wave" was clearly demonstrated
- Timely and effective management to reduce the burden of disease across the organisation.



